Quality ID #113 (NQF 0034): Colorectal Cancer Screening  
– National Quality Strategy Domain: Effective Clinical Care  
– Meaningful Measure Area: Preventive Care

2020 COLLECTION TYPE:  
MEDICARE PART B CLAIMS

MEASURE TYPE:  
Process

DESCRIPTION:  
Percentage of patients 50-75 years of age who had appropriate screening for colorectal cancer

INSTRUCTIONS:  
This measure is to be submitted a minimum of once per performance period for patients seen during the performance period. There is no diagnosis associated with this measure. Performance for this measure is not limited to the performance period. This measure may be submitted by Merit-based Incentive Payment System (MIPS) eligible clinicians who perform the quality actions described in the measure based on services provided and the measure-specific denominator coding.

Measure Submission Type:  
Measure data may be submitted by individual MIPS eligible clinicians using Medicare Part B claims. The listed denominator criteria are used to identify the intended patient population. The numerator quality-data codes included in this specification are used to submit the quality actions allowed by the measure on the claim form(s). All measure-specific coding should be submitted on the claim(s) representing the denominator eligible encounter and selected numerator option.

The intent of the exclusion for individuals age 65 and older residing in long-term care facilities, including nursing homes, is to exclude individuals who may have limited life expectancy and increased frailty where the benefit of the process may not exceed the risks. This exclusion is not intended as a clinical recommendation regarding whether the measures process is inappropriate for specific populations, instead the exclusions allows clinicians to engage in shared decision making with patients about the benefits and risks of screening when an individual has limited life expectancy.

DENOMINATOR:  
Patients 50-75 years of age with a visit during the measurement period

DENOMINATOR NOTE: *Signifies that this CPT Category I code is a non-covered service under the Physician Fee Schedule (PFS). These non-covered services will not be counted in the denominator population for Medicare Part B claims measures.

Denominator Criteria (Eligible Cases):  
Patients 50 to 75 years of age on date of encounter

AND

Patient encounter during the performance period (CPT or HCPCS): 99201, 99202, 99203, 99204, 99205, 99211, 99212, 99213, 99214, 99215, 99341, 99342, 99343, 99344, 99345, 99346, 99347, 99348, 99349, 99350, 99355*, 99356*, 99357*, 99358*, G0402, G0438, G0439
NUMERATOR:
Patients with one or more screenings for colorectal cancer. Appropriate screenings are defined by any one of the following criteria:

- Fecal occult blood test (FOBT) during the measurement period
- Flexible sigmoidoscopy during the measurement period or the four years prior to the measurement period
- Colonoscopy during the measurement period or the nine years prior to the measurement period
- Computed tomography (CT) colonography during the measurement period or the four years prior to the measurement period
- Fecal immunochemical DNA test (FIT-DNA) during the measurement period or the two years prior to the measurement period

NUMERATOR GUIDANCE
Do not count DRE, FOBT tests performed in an office setting or performed on a sample collected via DRE.

Numerator Quality-Data Coding Options:
Patient receiving Hospice Services, Patient Not Eligible
Denominator Exclusion: G9710: Patient was provided hospice services any time during the measurement period

OR
Colorectal Cancer Screening Not Performed for Medical Reasons
Denominator Exclusion: G9711: Patients with a diagnosis or past history of total colectomy or colorectal cancer
OR
Patient age 66 or older in Institutional Special Needs Plans (SNP) or residing in long-term care facility, Patient Not Eligible
Denominator Exclusion: G9901:
Patients age 66 and older in Institutional Special Needs Plans (SNP) or residing in long-term care with POS code 32, 33, 34, 54 or 56 for more than 90 days during the measurement period

OR
G2100:
Patients 66 years of age and older with at least one claim/encounter for frailty during the measurement period AND a dispensed medication for dementia during the measurement period or the year prior to the measurement period

OR
G2101:
Patients 66 years of age and older with at least one claim/encounter for frailty during the measurement period AND either one acute inpatient encounter with a diagnosis of advanced illness or two outpatient, observation, ED or nonacute inpatient encounters on different dates of service with an advanced illness diagnosis during the measurement period or the year prior to the measurement period

Table: Dementia Exclusion Medications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Prescription</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cholinesterase inhibitors</td>
<td>Donepezil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Galantamine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rivastigmine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous central nervous system agents</td>
<td>Memantine</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OR
Colorectal Cancer Screening Performed
Performance Met: CPT II 3017F: Colorectal cancer screening results documented and reviewed

OR
Colorectal Cancer Screening not Performed, Reason not Otherwise Specified
Append a submission modifier (8P) to CPT Category II code 3017F to submit circumstances when the action described in the numerator is not performed and the reason is not otherwise specified.
Performance Not Met: 3017F with 8P: Colorectal cancer screening results were not documented and reviewed, reason not otherwise specified

RATIONALE:
Colorectal cancer represents eight percent of all new cancer cases and is the second leading cause of cancer deaths in the United States. In 2018, an estimated 140,250 new cases of colorectal cancer and an estimated 50,630 deaths attributed to it. According to the National Cancer Institute, about 4.2 percent of men and women will be diagnosed with colorectal cancer at some point during their lifetimes. For most adults, older age is the most important risk factor for colorectal cancer, although being male and black are also associated with higher incidence and mortality. Colorectal cancer is most frequently diagnosed among people 65 to 74 years old (Noone et al., 2018).

Screening can be effective for finding precancerous lesions (polyps) that could later become malignant, and for detecting early cancers that can be more easily and effectively treated. Precancerous polyps usually take about 10 to 15 years to develop into colorectal cancer, and most can be found and removed before turning into cancer. The five-year relative
survival rate for people whose colorectal cancer is found in the early stage before it has spread is about 90 percent (American Cancer Society, 2017).

**CLINICAL RECOMMENDATION STATEMENTS:**
The U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (2016) recommends screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 50 years and continuing until age 75 years. This is a Grade A recommendation (U.S. Preventive Services Task Force 2016). Appropriate screenings are defined by any one of the following:-Colonoscopy (every 10 years)
-Flexible sigmoidoscopy (every 5 years)
-Fecal occult blood test (annually)
-FIT-DNA (every 3 years)
-Computed tomographic colonography (every 5 years)

**COPYRIGHT:**
Physician Performance Measure (Measures) and related data specifications were developed by the National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA). These performance Measures are not clinical guidelines and do not establish a standard of medical care, and have not been tested for all potential applications. NCQA makes no representations, warranties or endorsements about the quality of any organization or clinician who uses or reports performance measures. NCQA has no liability to anyone who relies on measures and specifications or data reflective of performance under such measures and specifications.

The Measures are copyrighted but can be reproduced and distributed, without modification, for noncommercial purposes (e.g., use by healthcare providers in connection with their practices). Commercial use is defined as the sale, licensing, or distribution of the Measures for commercial gain, or incorporation of the Measures into a product or service that is sold, licensed or distributed for commercial gain. All commercial uses or requests for alteration of the measures and specifications must be approved by NCQA and are subject to a license at the discretion of NCQA. NCQA is not responsible for any use of the Measures. © 2019 NCQA. All Rights Reserved.

THE MEASURES AND SPECIFICATIONS ARE PROVIDED "AS IS" WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND.

Limited proprietary coding is contained in the Measure specifications for user convenience. Users of proprietary code sets should obtain all necessary licenses from the owners of the code sets. NCQA disclaims all liability for use or accuracy of any CPT or other codes contained in the specifications.

2020 Medicare Part B Claims Measure Flow for Quality ID #113 NQF #0034: Colorectal Cancer Screening

Disclaimer: Refer to the measure specification for specific coding and instructions to submit this measure.
## Sample Calculation 5:

### Data Completeness

\[
\text{Denominator Exclusion (x' + x^2 + x^2 + x^2 = 20 patients) + Performance Net (n=30 patients) + Performance Net (n=20 patients) = 70 patients = 87.50\%}
\]

\[
\text{Eligible Population / Denominator (d=50 patients) = 60 patients}
\]

### Performance Rate

\[
\text{Data Completeness Numerator (70 patients) - Denominator Exclusion (x' + x^2 + x^2 + x^2 = 20 patients) = 50 patients}
\]

\[
\text{Performance Rate (n=30 patients) = 30 patients = 60.00\%}
\]

---

* See the posted measure specification for specific coding and instructions to submit this measure.

** Patients are considered to have appropriate screening for colorectal cancer if any of the following are documented:
- Fecal occult blood test (FOBT) during the measurement period
- Flexible sigmoidoscopy during the measurement period or the four years prior to the measurement period
- Colonoscopy during the measurement period or the nine years prior to the measurement period
- Computed tomography (CT) colonography during the measurement period or the four years prior to the measurement period
- Fecal immunochemical DNA test (FIT-DNA) during the measurement period or the two years prior to the measurement period

**NOTE:** Submission Frequency: Patient/Process
2020 Medicare Part B Claims Flow Narrative for Quality ID #113 NQF #0034: Colorectal Cancer Screening

Disclaimer: Refer to the measure specification for specific coding and instructions to submit this measure.

1. Start with Denominator

2. Check Patient Age:
   a. If Patient 50 to 75 Years on the Date of Encounter equals No during the measurement period, do not include in Eligible Population. Stop Processing.
   b. If Patient 50 to 75 Years on the Date of Encounter equals Yes during the measurement period, proceed to check Encounter Performed.

3. Check Encounter Performed:
   a. If Encounter as Listed in the Denominator equals No, do not include in Eligible Population. Stop Processing.

4. If Encounter as Listed in the Denominator equals Yes, include in Eligible Population.

Denominator Population:
   a. Denominator Population is all Eligible Patients in the Denominator. Denominator is represented as Denominator in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter d equals 80 patients in the Sample Calculation.

5. Start Numerator

6. Check Patient Was Provided Hospice Services Any Time During the Measurement Period:
   a. If Patient Was Provided Hospice Services Any Time During the Measurement Period equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exclusion.
   b. Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exclusion letter is represented as Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter x1 equals 10 patients in the Sample Calculation.
   c. If Patient Was Provided Hospice Services Any Time During the Measurement Period equals No, proceed to check Patients with a Diagnosis or Past History of Total Colectomy or Colorectal Cancer.

7. Check Patients with a Diagnosis or Past History of Total Colectomy or Colorectal Cancer:
   a. If Patients with a Diagnosis or Past History of Total Colectomy or Colorectal Cancer equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exclusion.
   b. Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exclusion letter is represented as Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter x2 equals 10 patients in the Sample Calculation.
   c. If Patients with a Diagnosis or Past History of Total Colectomy or Colorectal Cancer equals No, proceed to check Patient Age 65 or Older in Institutional Special Needs Plans (SNP) or Residing in Long-Term Care with POS code 32, 33, 34, 54, or 56 for more than 90 days during the Measurement Period.
8. Check Patients Age 66 or Older in Institutional Special Needs Plans (SNP) or Residing in Long-Term Care with POS code 32, 33, 34, 54, or 56 for more than 90 days during the Measurement Period:

   a. If Patient Age is 66 or Older in Institutional Special Needs Plans (SNP) or Residing in Long-Term Care with POS code 32, 33, 34, 54, or 56 for more than 90 days during the Measurement Period equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exclusion.

   b. Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exclusion letter is represented as Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter x3 equals 0 patients in the Sample Calculation.

   c. If Patient Age is 66 or Older in Institutional Special Needs Plans (SNP) or Residing in Long-Term Care with POS code 32, 33, 34, 54, or 56 for more than 90 days during the Measurement Period equals No, proceed to check Patients 66 Years Of Age And Older With At Least One Claim/Encounter For Frailty During The Measurement Period AND A Dispensed Medication For Dementia During The Measurement Period Or The Year Prior To The Measurement Period.

9. Check Patients 66 Years Of Age And Older With At Least One Claim/Encounter For Frailty During The Measurement Period AND A Dispensed Medication For Dementia During The Measurement Period Or The Year Prior To The Measurement Period:

   a. If Patients Are 66 Years Of Age And Older With At Least One Claim/Encounter For Frailty During The Measurement Period AND A Dispensed Medication For Dementia During The Measurement Period Or The Year Prior To The Measurement Period equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exclusion.

   b. Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exclusion letter is represented as Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter x4 equals 0 patients in the Sample Calculation.

   c. If Patients 66 Years Of Age And Older With At Least One Claim/Encounter For Frailty During The Measurement Period AND A Dispensed Medication For Dementia During The Measurement Period Or The Year Prior To The Measurement Period equals No, proceed to check Patients 66 Years Of Age And Older With At Least One Claim/Encounter For Frailty During The Measurement Period AND Either One Acute Inpatient Encounter With A Diagnosis Of Advanced Illness Or Two Outpatient, Observation, ED Or Nonacute Inpatient Encounters On Different Dates Of Service With An Advanced Illness Diagnosis During The Measurement Period Or The Year Prior To The Measurement Period.

10. Check Patients 66 Years Of Age And Older With At Least One Claim/Encounter For Frailty During The Measurement Period AND Either One Acute Inpatient Encounter With A Diagnosis Of Advanced Illness Or Two Outpatient, Observation, ED Or Nonacute Inpatient Encounters On Different Dates Of Service With An Advanced Illness Diagnosis During The Measurement Period Or The Year Prior To The Measurement Period:

    a. If Patients 66 Years Of Age And Older With At Least One Claim/Encounter For Frailty During The Measurement Period AND Either One Acute Inpatient Encounter With A Diagnosis Of Advanced Illness Or Two Outpatient, Observation, ED Or Nonacute Inpatient Encounters On Different Dates Of Service With An Advanced Illness Diagnosis During The Measurement Period Or The Year Prior To The Measurement Period equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exclusion.

    b. Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exclusion letter is represented as Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter x5 equals 0 patients in the Sample Calculation.

    c. If Patients 66 Years Of Age And Older With At Least One Claim/Encounter For Frailty During The
Measurement Period AND Either One Acute Inpatient Encounter With A Diagnosis Of Advanced Illness Or Two Outpatient, Observation, ED Or Nonacute Inpatient Encounters On Different Dates Of Service With An Advanced Illness Diagnosis During The Measurement Period Or The Year Prior To The Measurement Period equals No, proceed to check Colorectal Cancer Screening Results Documented and Reviewed.

11. Check Colorectal Cancer Screening Results Documented and Reviewed

   a. If Colorectal Cancer Screening Results Documented and Reviewed equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Performance Met.

   b. Data Completeness Met and Performance Met letter is represented as Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter a equals 30 patients in the Sample Calculation.

   c. If Colorectal Cancer Screening Results Documented and Reviewed equals No, proceed to check Colorectal Cancer Screening Results Not Documented and Reviewed, Reason Not Otherwise Specified.

12. Check Colorectal Cancer Screening Results Not Documented and Reviewed, Reason Not Otherwise Specified:

   a. If Colorectal Cancer Screening Results Not Documented and Reviewed, Reason Not Otherwise Specified equals Yes, include in the Data Completeness Met and Performance Not Met.

   b. Data Completeness Met and Performance Not Met letter is represented as Data Completeness in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter c equals 20 patients in the Sample Calculation.

   c. If Colorectal Cancer Screening Results Not Documented and Reviewed, Reason Not Otherwise Specified equals No, proceed to check Data Completeness Not Met.

13. Check Data Completeness Not Met:

   a. If Data Completeness Not Met, the Quality Data Code was not submitted. 10 patients have been subtracted from the Data Completeness Numerator in the Sample Calculation.

---

**SAMPLE CALCULATIONS:**

Data Completeness:
\[
\text{Denominator Exclusion (x' \times x' \times x' \times x' = 20 patients) + Performance Met (a \geq 30 patients) + Performance Not Met (c \geq 20 patients)} = 70 patients = 87.50% \]
\[
\text{Eligible Population / Denominator (80 patients)} = 80 patients
\]

Performance Rate:
\[
\text{Performance Net (a \geq 30 patients) = 30 patients = 60.00%}
\]
\[
\text{Data Completeness Numerator (70 patients) - Denominator Exclusion (x' \times x' \times x' \times x' = 20 patients) = 50 patients}
\]