# Quality ID \#191 (NQF 0565): Cataracts: 20/40 or Better Visual Acuity within 90 Days Following Cataract Surgery <br> - National Quality Strategy Domain: Effective Clinical Care <br> - Meaningful Measure Area: Functional Outcomes 

## 2022 COLLECTION TYPE: <br> MIPS CLINICAL QUALITY MEASURES (CQMS)

## MEASURE TYPE:

Outcome - High Priority

## DESCRIPTION:

Percentage of cataract surgeries for patients aged 18 years and older with a diagnosis of uncomplicated cataract and no significant ocular conditions impacting the visual outcome of surgery and had best-corrected visual acuity of 20/40 or better (distance or near) achieved in the operative eye within 90 days following the cataract surgery.

## INSTRUCTIONS:

This measure is to be submitted each time a procedure for uncomplicated cataract is performed during the performance period. This measure is intended to reflect the quality of services provided for the patients receiving uncomplicated cataract surgery. This measure is to be submitted by the Merit-based Incentive Payment System (MIPS) eligible clinician performing the cataract surgery procedure. Clinicians who provide only preoperative or postoperative management of cataract surgery patients are not eligible for this measure.

NOTE: This is an outcome measure and can be calculated solely using third party intermediary data.

- For patients who receive the cataract surgical procedures specified in the denominator coding, it should be reported whether or not the patient had best-corrected visual acuity of 20/40 or better achieved in the operative eye within 90 days following cataract surgery.
- Cataract surgeries performed on patients who have any of the listed significant ocular conditions [comorbid] in the exclusion criteria should be removed from the denominator; these patients have existing ocular conditions that could impact the outcome of surgery and are not included in the measure calculation for those patients who have best-corrected visual acuity of 20/40 or better (distance or near) achieved in the operative eye within 90 days following the cataract surgery.
- Include only cataract surgery procedures performed through September 30th of the performance period. This will allow the post-operative period to occur within the performance period.


## Measure Submission Type:

Measure data may be submitted by individual MIPS eligible clinicians, groups, or third party intermediaries. The listed denominator criteria are used to identify the intended patient population. The numerator options included in this specification are used to submit the quality actions as allowed by the measure. The quality data codes listed do not need to be submitted by MIPS eligible clinicians, groups, or third party intermediaries that utilize this modality for submissions; however, these codes may be submitted for those third party intermediaries that utilize Medicare Part B claims data. For more information regarding Application Programming Interface (API), please refer to the Quality Payment Program (QPP) website.

## DENOMINATOR:

All cataract surgeries for patients aged 18 years and older who did not meet any exclusion criteria

## Denominator Criteria (Eligible Cases):

Patients aged $\geq 18$ years on date of procedure
AND

Procedure during the performance period (CPT): 66840, 66850, 66852, 66920, 66930, 66940, 66982, 66983, 66984
WITHOUT
Modifier: 56 or 55
WITHOUT
Telehealth Modifier: GQ, GT, 95, POS 02
AND NOT
DENOMINATOR EXCLUSION:
Any of the following significant ocular conditions that impact the visual outcome of surgery
(Patients with documentation of the presence of one or more of the following significant ocular conditions that impact the visual outcome of surgery prior to date of cataract surgery which is still active at the time of the cataract surgery are excluded from the measure calculation)

Table 1 - Significant Ocular Conditions

| Significant Ocular Condition | Corresponding ICD-10-CM Codes |
| :---: | :---: |
| Acute and Subacute Iridocyclitis | H20.00, H2O.011, H2O.012, H20.013, H20.021, H2O.022, H2O.023, H2O.031, H20.032, H20.033, H20.041, H20.042, H20.043, H20.051, H20.052, H2O.053 |
| Amblyopia | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H53.001, H53.002, H53.003, H53.011, H53.012, H53.013, H53.021, H53.022, } \\ & \text { H53.023, H53.031, H53.032, H53.033, H53.041, H53.042, H53.043 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Burn Confined to Eye and Adnexa | T26.01XA, T26.02XA, T26.11XA, T26.12XA, T26.21XA, T26.22XA, T26.31XA, T26.32XA, T26.41XA, T26.42XA, T26.51XA, T26.52XA, T26.61XA, T26.62XA, T26.71XA, T26.72XA, T26.81XA, T26.82XA, T26.91XA, T26.92XA |
| Cataract Secondary to Ocular Disorders | H26.211, H26.212, H26.213, H26.221, H26.222, H26.223 |
| Cataract, Congenital | Q12.0 |
| Cataract, Mature or Hypermature | H26.9 |
| Cataract, Posterior Polar | H25.041, H25.042, H25.043 |
| Central Corneal Ulcer | H16.011, H16.012, H16.013 |
| Certain Types of Iridocyclitis | H20.21, H20.22, H20.23, H20.811, H20.812, H20.813, H20.821, H20.822, H20.823, H20.9 |
| Choroidal Degenerations | H35.33 |
| Choroidal Detachment | H31.401, H31.402, H31.403, H31.411, H31.412, H31.413, H31.421, H31.422, H31.423 |
| Choroidal Hemorrhage and Rupture | H31.301, H31.302, H31.303, H31.311, H31.312, H31.313, H31.321, H31.322, H31.323 |
| Chronic Iridocyclitis | A18.54, H20.11, H20.12, H20.13, H20.9 |
| Cloudy Cornea | H17.01, H17.02, H17.03, H17.11, H17.12, H17.13, H17.811, H17.812, H17.813, H17.821, H17.822, H17.823 |
| Corneal Edema | H18.11, H18.12, H18.13, H18.20, H18.221, H18.222, H18.223, H18.231, H18.232, H18.233, H18.421, H18.422, H18.423, H18.43 |
| Corneal Opacity and Other Disorders of Cornea | H17.01, H17.02, H17.03, H17.11, H17.12, H17.13, H17.89, H17.9 |


| Significant Ocular Condition | Corresponding ICD-10-CM Codes |
| :---: | :---: |
| Degeneration of Macula and Posterior Pole | H35.30, H35.3110, H35.3111, H35.3112, H35.3113, H35.3114, H35.3120, H35.3121, H35.3122, H35.3123, H35.3124, H35.3130, H35.3131, H35.3132, H35.3133, H35.3134, H35.3210, H35.3211, H35.3212, H35.3213, H35.3220, H35.3221, H35.3222, H35.3223, H35.3230, H35.3231, H35.3232, H35.3233, H35.341, H35.342, H35.343, H35.351, H35.352, H35.353, H35.361, H35.362, H35.363, H35.371, H35.372, H35.373, H35.381, H35.382, H35.383 |
| Degenerative Disorders of Globe | H44.2A1, H44.2A2, H44.2A3, H44.2B1, H44.2B2, H44.2B3, H44.2C1, H44.2C2, H44.2C3, H44.2D1, H44.2D2, H44.2D3, H44.2E1, H44.2E2, H44.2E3, H44.21, H44.22, H44.23, H44.311, H44.312, H44.313, H44.321, H44.322, H44.323, H44.391, H44.392, H44.393 |
| Diabetic Macular Edema | E08.311, E08.3211, E08.3212, E08.3213, E08.3311, E08.3312, E08.3313, E08.3411, E08.3412, E08.3413, E08.3511, E08.3512, E08.3513, E08.3521, E08.3522, E08.3523, E08.3531, E08.3532, E08.3533, E08.3541, E08.3542, E08.3543, E08.3551, E08.3552, E08.3553, E08.37X1, E08.37X2, E08.37X3, E09.311, E09.3211, E09.3212, E09.3213, E09.3311, E09.3312, E09.3313, E09.3411, E09.3412, E09.3413, E09.3511, E09.3512, E09.3513, E09.3521, E09.3522, E09.3523, E09.3531, E09.3532, E09.3533, E09.3541, E09.3542, E09.3543, E09.3551, E09.3552, E09.3553, E09.37X1, E09.37X2, E09.37X3, E10.311, E10.3211, E10.3212, E10.3213, E10.3311, E10.3312, E10.3313, E10.3411, E10.3412, E10.3413, E10.3511, E10.3512, E10.3513, E10.3521, E10.3522, E10.3523, E10.3531, E10.3532, E10.3533, E10.3541, E10.3542, E10.3543, E10.3551, E10.3552, E10.3553, E10.37X1, E10.37X2, E10.37X3, E11.311, E11.3211, E11.3212, E11.3213, E11.3311, E11.3312, E11.3313, E11.3411, E11.3412, E11.3413, E11.3511, E11.3512, E11.3513, E11.3521, E11.3522, E11.3523, E11.3531, E11.3532, E11.3533, E11.3541, E11.3542, E11.3543, E11.3551, E11.3552, E11.3553, E11.37X1, E11.37X2, E11.37X3, E13.311, E13.3211, E13.3212, E13.3213, E13.3311, E13.3312, E13.3313, E13.3411, E13.3412, E13.3413, E13.3511, E13.3512, E13.3513, E13.3521, E13.3522, E13.3523, E13.3531, E13.3532, E13.3533, E13.3541, E13.3542, E13.3543, E13.3551, E13.3552, E13.3553, E13.37X1, E13.37X2, E13.37X3 |


| Significant Ocular Condition | Corresponding ICD-10-CM Codes |
| :---: | :---: |
| Diabetic Retinopathy | E08.311, E08.319, E08.3211, E08.3212, E08.3213, E08.3291, E08.3292, E08.3293, E08.3311, E08.3312, E08.3313, E08.3391, E08.3392, E08.3393, E08.3411, E08.3412, E08.3413, E08.3491, E08.3492, E08.3493, E08.3511, E08.3512, E08.3513, E08.3521, E08.3522, E08.3523, E08.3531, E08.3532, E08.3533, E08.3541, E08.3542, E08.3543, E08.3551, E08.3552, E08.3553, E08.3591, E08.3592, E08.3593, E09.311, E09.319, E09.3211, E09.3212, E09.3213, E09.3291, E09.3292, E09.3293, E09.3311, E09.3312, E09.3313, E09.3391, E09.3392, E09.3393, E09.3411, E09.3412, E09.3413, E09.3491, E09.3492, E09.3493, E09.3511, E09.3512, E09.3513, E09.3521, E09.3522, E09.3523, E09.3531, E09.3532, E09.3533, E09.3541, E09.3542, E09.3543, E09.3551, E09.3552, E09.3553, E09.3591, E09.3592, E09.3593, E10.311, E10.319, E10.3211, E10.3212, E10.3213, E10.3291, E10.3292, E10.3293, E10.3311, E10.3312, E10.3313, E10.3391, E10.3392, E10.3393, E10.3411, E10.3412, E10.3413, E10.3491, E10.3492, E10.3493, E10.3511, E10.3512, E10.3513, E10.3521, E10.3522, E10.3523, E10.3531, E10.3532, E10.3533, E10.3541, E10.3542, E10.3543, E10.3551, E10.3552, E10.3553, E10.3591, E10.3592, E10.3593, E11.311, E11.319, E11.3211, E11.3212, E11.3213, E11.3291, E11.3292, E11.3293, E11.3311, E11.3312, E11.3313, E11.3391, E11.3392, E11.3393, E11.3411, E11.3412, E11.3413, E11.3491, E11.3492, E11.3493, E11.3511, E11.3512, E11.3513, E11.3521, E11.3522, E11.3523, E11.3531, E11.3532, E11.3533, E11.3541, E11.3542, E11.3543, E11.3551, E11.3552, E11.3553, E11.3591, E11.3592, E11.3593, E13.311, E13.319, E13.3211, E13.3212, E13.3213, E13.3291, E13.3292, E13.3293, E13.3311, E13.3312, E13.3313, E13.3391, E13.3392, E13.3393, E13.3411, E13.3412, E13.3413, E13.3491, E13.3492, E13.3493, E13.3511, E13.3512, E13.3513, E13.3521, E13.3522, E13.3523, E13.3531, E13.3532, E13.3533, E13.3541, E13.3542, E13.3543, E13.3551, E13.3552, E13.3553, E13.3591, E13.3592, E13.3593 |
| Disorders of Optic Chiasm | H47.41, H47.42, H47.43, H47.49 |
| Disorders of Visual Cortex | H47.611, H47.612, H47.621, H47.622, H47.631, H47.632, H47.641, H47.642 |
| Disseminated Chorioretinitis and Disseminated Retinochoroiditis | A18.53, H3O.101, H30.102, H30.103, H30.111, H30.112, H30.113, H30.121, H30.122, H30.123, H30.131, H30.132, H30.133, H30.141, H30.142, H30.143 |
| Focal Chorioretinitis and Focal Retinochoroiditis | H30.001, H30.002, H30.003, H30.011, H30.012, H30.013, H30.021, H30.022, H30.023, H30.031, H30.032, H30.033, H30.041, H30.042, H30.043 |


| Significant Ocular Condition | Corresponding ICD-10-CM Codes |
| :---: | :---: |
| Glaucoma | H40.10X0, H40.10X1, H40.10X2, H40.10X3, H40.10X4, H40.1110, H40.1111, H40.1112, H40.1113, H40.1114, H40.1120, H40.1121, H40.1122, H40.1123, H40.1124, H40.1130, H40.1131, H40.1132, H40.1133, H40.1134, H40.1210, H40.1211, H40.1212, H40.1213, H40.1214, H40.1220, H40.1221, H40.1222, H40.1223, H40.1224, H40.1230, H40.1231, H40.1232, H40.1233, H40.1234, H40.1310, H40.1311, H40.1312, H40.1313, H40.1314, H40.1320, H40.1321, H40.1322, H40.1323, H40.1324, H40.1330, H40.1331, H40.1332, H40.1333, H40.1334, H40.1410, H40.1411, H40.1412, H40.1413, H40.1414, H40.1420, H40.1421, H40.1422, H40.1423, H40.1424, H40.1430, H40.1431, H40.1432, H40.1433, H40.1434, H40.151, H40.152, H40.153, H40.20X0, H40.20X1, H40.20X2, H40.20X3, H40.20X4, H40.211, H40.212, H40.213, H40.2210, H40.2211, H40.2212, H40.2213, H40.2214, H40.2220, H40.2221, H40.2222, H40.2223, H40.2224, H40.2230, H40.2231, H40.2232, H40.2233, H40.2234, H40.231, H40.232, H40.233, H40.241, H40.242, H40.243, H40.31XO, H40.31X1, H40.31X2, H40.31X3, H40.31X4, H40.32X0, H40.32X1, H40.32X2, H40.32X3, H40.32X4, H40.33X0, H40.33X1, H40.33X2, H40.33X3, H40.33X4, H40.41X0, H40.41X1, H40.41X2, H40.41X3, H40.41X4, H40.42X0, H40.42X1, H40.42X2, H40.42X3, H40.42X4, H40.43X0, H40.43X1, H40.43X2, H40.43X3, H40.43X4, H40.51X0, H40.51X1, H40.51X2, H40.51X3, H40.51X4, H40.52X0, H40.52X1, H40.52X2, H40.52X3, H40.52X4, H40.53X0, H40.53X1, H40.53X2, H40.53X3, H40.53X4, H40.61X0, H40.61X1, H40.61X2, H40.61X3, H40.61X4, H40.62X0, H40.62X1, H40.62X2, H40.62X3, H40.62X4, H40.63X0, H40.63X1, H40.63X2, H40.63X3, H40.63X4, H40.811, H40.812, H40.813, H40.821, H40.822, H40.823, H40.831, H40.832, H40.833, H40.89, Q15.0 |
| Glaucoma Associated with Congenital Anomalies, Dystrophies, and Systemic Syndromes | H40.31X0, H40.31X1, H40.31X2, H40.31X3, H40.31X4, H40.32X0, H40.32X1, H40.32X2, H40.32X3, H40.32X4, H40.33X0, H40.33X1, H40.33X2, H40.33X3, H40.33X4, H40.41X0, H40.41X1, H40.41X2, H40.41X3, H40.41X4, H40.42X0, H40.42X1, H40.42X2, H40.42X3, H40.42X4, H40.43X0, H40.43X1, H40.43X2, H40.43X3, H40.43X4, H40.51X0, H40.51X1, H40.51X2, H40.51X3, H40.51X4 H40.52X0, H40.52X1, H40.52X2, H40.52X3, H40.52X4, H40.53X0, H40.53X1, H40.53X2, H40.53X3, H40.53X4, H40.811, H40.812, H40.813, H40.821, H40.822, H40.823, H40.831, H40.832, H40.833, H40.89, H40.9, H42 |
| Hereditary Choroidal Dystrophies | H31.20, H31.21, H31.22, H31.23, H31.29 |
| Hereditary Corneal Dystrophies | H18.501, H18.502, H18.503, , H18.511, H18.512, H18.513, H18.521, H18.522, H18.523, , H18.531, H18.532, H18.533, , H18.541, H18.542, H18.543, , H18.551, H18.552, H18.553, , H18.591, H18.592, H18.593 |
| Hereditary Retinal Dystrophies | H35.50, H35.51, H35.52, H35.53, H35.54, H36 |
| Hypotony of Eye | H44.40, H44.411, H44.412, H44.413, H44.421, H44.422, H44.423, H44.431, H44.432, H44.433, H44.441, H44.442, H44.443 |
| Injury to Optic Nerve and Pathways | S04.011A, S04.012A, S04.02XA, S04.031A, S04.032A, S04.041A, S04.042A |
| Macular Scar of Posterior Polar | H31.011, H31.012, H31.013 |
| Morgagnian Cataract | H25.21, H25.22, H25.23 |
| Nystagmus and Other Irregular Eye Movements | H55.00, H55.01, H55.02, H55.03, H55.04, H55.09, H55.81, H55.89 |
| Open Wound of Eyeball | S05.11XA, S05.12XA, S05.21XA, S05.22XA, S05.31XA, S05.32XA, S05.51XA, S05.52XA, S05.61XA, S05.62XA, S05.71XA, S05.72XA, S05.8X1A, S05.8X2A |
| Optic Atrophy | H47.20, H47.211, H47.212, H47.213, H47.22, H47.231, H47.232, H47.233, H47.291, H47.292, H47.293 |


| Significant Ocular Condition | Corresponding ICD-10-CM Codes |
| :---: | :---: |
| Optic Neuritis | H46.01, H46.02, H46.03, H46.11, H46.12, H46.13, H46.2, H46.3, H46.8, H46.9 |
| Other and Unspecified Forms of Chorioretinitis and Retinochoroiditis | H30.21, H30.22, H30.23, H30.811, H30.812, H30.813, H30.891, H30.892, H30.893, H30.91, H30.92, H30.93 |
| Other Background Retinopathy and Retinal Vascular Changes | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H35.021, H35.022, H35.023, H35.051, H35.052, H35.053, H35.061, H35.062, } \\ & \text { H35.063 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Other Disorders of Optic Nerve | H47.011, H47.012, H47.013 |
| Other Endophthalmitis | H16.241, H16.242, H16.243, H21.331, H21.332, H21.333, H33.121, H33.122, H33.123, H44.111, H44.112, H44.113, H44.121, H44.122, H44.123, H44.131, H44.132, H44.133, H44.19 |
| Other Proliferative Retinopathy | H35.101, H35.102, H35.103, H35.111, H35.112, H35.113, H35.121, H35.122, H35.123, H35.131, H35.132, H35.133, H35.141, H35.142, H35.143, H35.151, H35.152, H35.153, H35.161, H35.162, H35.163, H35.171, H35.172, H35.173 |
| Pathologic Myopia | H44.2A1, H44.2A2, H44.2A3, H44.2B1, H44.2B2, H44.2B3, H44.2C1, H44.2C2, H44.2C3, H44.2D1, H44.2D2, H44.2D3, H44.2E1, H44.2E2, H44.2E3, H44.21, H44.22, H44.23, H44.30 |
| Posterior Lenticonus | Q12.2, Q12.4, Q12.8 |
| Prior Penetrating Keratoplasty | H18.601, H18.602, H18.603, H18.611, H18.612, H18.613, H18.621, H18.622, H18.623 |
| Purulent Endophthalmitis | H44.001, H44.002, H44.003, H44.011, H44.012, H44.013, H44.021, H44.022, H44.023 |
| Retinal Detachment with Retinal Defect | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H33.001, H33.002, H33.003, H33.011, H33.012, H33.013, H33.021, H33.022, } \\ & \text { H33.023, H33.031, H33.032, H33.033, H33.041, H33.042, H33.043, H33.051, } \\ & \text { H33.052, H33.053, H33.8 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Retinal Vascular Occlusion | H34.11, H34.12, H34.13, H34.231, H34.232, H34.233, H34.8110, H34.8111, H34.8112, H34.8120, H34.8121, H34.8122, H34.8130, H34.8131, H34.8132, H34.8310, H34.8311, H34.8312, H34.8320, H34.8321, H34.8322, H34.8330, H34.8331, H34.8332 |
| Retrolental Fibroplasias | H35.171, H35.172, H35.173 |
| Scleritis | H15.021, H15.022, H15.023, H15.031, H15.032, H15.033, H15.041, H15.042, H15.043, H15.051, H15.052, H15.053, H15.091, H15.092, H15.093 |
| Separation of Retinal Layers | H35.711, H35.712, H35.713, H35.721, H35.722, H35.723, H35.731, H35.732, H35.733 |
| Traumatic Cataract | H26.101, H26.102, H26.103, H26.111, H26.112, H26.113, H26.121, H26.122, H26.123, H26.131, H26.132 H26.133 |
| Uveitis | H44.111, H44.112, H44.113, H44.131, H44.132, H44.133 |
| Vascular Disorders of Iris and Ciliary Body | H21.1X1, H21.1X2, H21.1X3 |
| Visual Field Defects | H53.411, H53.412, H53.413 H53.421, H53.422, H53.423 H53.431, H53.432, H53.433 H53.451, H53.452, H53.453 H53.461, H53.462, H53.47 H53.481, H53.482, H53.483 |

## NUMERATOR:

Cataract surgeries with best-corrected visual acuity of 20/40 or better (distance or near) achieved in the operative eye
within 90 days following cataract surgery

## Numerator Options:

Performance Met:

## OR

Performance Not Met:

> Best-corrected visual acuity of 20/40 or better (distance or near) achieved within the 90 days following cataract surgery (4175F)
> Best-corrected visual acuity of $20 / 40$ or better (distance or near) not achieved within the 90 days following cataract surgery, reason not otherwise specified (4175F with 8P)

## RATIONALE:

In the United States, cataracts affect more than 24 million adults over 40 years (National Eye Institute, 2019). According to the American Academy of Ophthalmology (2016), cataract surgery has a substantial beneficial impact on visual function and on quality of life.

1. Scientific basis for measuring visual acuity outcomes after cataract surgery

The only reason to perform cataract surgery (other than for a limited set of medical indications) is to improve a patient's vision and associated functioning. The use of a $20 / 40$ visual acuity threshold is based on several considerations. First, it is the level for unrestricted operation of a motor vehicle in the US. Second, it has been consistently used by the FDA in its assessment for approval of intraocular lens (IOL) and other vision devices. Third, it is the literature standard to denote success in cataract surgery. Fourth, work by West et al. in the Salisbury Eye Study suggests that 20/40 is a useful threshold for 50th percentile functioning for several visionrelated tasks.

Most patients achieve excellent visual acuity after cataract surgery (20/40 or better). This outcome is achieved consistently through careful attention through the accurate measurement of axial length and corneal power and the appropriate selection of an IOL power calculation formula. As such, it reflects the care and diligence with which the surgery is assessed, planned and executed. Failure to achieve this after surgery in eyes without comorbid ocular conditions that would impact the success of the surgery would reflect care that should be assessed for opportunities for improvement.

The exclusion of patients with other ocular and systemic conditions known to increase the risk of an adverse outcome reflects the findings of the two published prediction rule papers for cataract surgery outcomes, by Mangione et al. (1995) and Steinberg et al. (1994). In both papers, the presence of comorbid glaucoma and macular degeneration negatively impacted the likelihood of successful outcomes of surgery. Further, as noted in the prior indicator, exclusion of eyes with ocular conditions that could impact the success of the surgery would NOT eliminate the large majority of eyes undergoing surgery while also minimizing the potential adverse selection that might otherwise occur relative to those patients with the most complex situations who might benefit the most from having surgery to maximize their remaining vision.
2. Evidence of a gap in care

Cataract surgery successfully restores vision in the majority of people who have the procedure.
Data from a study of 368,256 cataract surgeries show that corrected visual acuity (CDVA) of 0.5 (20/40) or better was achieved in $94.3 \%$ and CDVA of 1.0 (20/20) or better was achieved in $61.3 \%$ of cases (Lundstrom, Barry, Henry, Rosen \& Stenevi, 2013).

Additionally, data from a UK multi-center Cataract National Dataset found a postoperative visual acuity of 6/12 (20/40) or better was achieved for $94.7 \%$ of eyes with no co-pathologies and in $79.9 \%$ of eyes with one or more
co-pathologies (Jaycock et al., 2009).
A rate of $85.5-94.7 \%$ of patients achieving a 20/40 or better visual acuity in the context of approximately 3 million cataract surgeries in the US annually would mean that between 160,000 to 435,000 individuals would not achieve a 20/40 or better visual acuity which suggests an opportunity for improvement.

## CLINICAL RECOMMENDATION STATEMENTS:

This is an outcome measure. As such, there is no statement in the guideline specific to this measurement topic.

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2022 Clinical Quality Measure Flow for Quality ID \#191 (NQF 0565): Cataracts: 20/40 or Better Visual Acuity within 90 Days Following Cataract Surgery

Disclaimer: Refer to the measure specification for specific coding and instructions to submit this measure.

*See the posted measure specification for specific coding and instructions to submit this measure.
**Include only procedures performed between $1 / 1 / 2021$ and $9 / 30 / 2021$ to account for the 90 day period for the numerator action to be assessed after the procedure was performed.
NOTE: Submission Frequency: Procedure

## 2022 Clinical Quality Measure Flow Narrative for Quality ID \#191 (NQF 0565): Cataracts: $\mathbf{2 0 / 4 0}$ or Better Visual Acuity within 90 Days Following Cataract Surgery

Disclaimer: Refer to the measure specification for specific coding and instructions to submit this measure.

1. Start with Denominator
2. Check Patients aged greater than or equal to 18 years on date of procedure:
a. If Patients aged greater than or equal to 18 years on date of procedure equals No, do not include in Eligible Population/Denominator. Stop processing.
b. If Patients aged greater than or equal to 18 years on date of procedure equals Yes, proceed to check Procedure during the performance period as listed in Denominator*/**.
3. Check Procedure during the performance period as listed in Denominator*/**:
a. If Procedure during the performance period as listed in Denominator**** equals No, do not include in Eligible Population/Denominator. Stop processing.
b. If Procedure during the performance period as listed in Denominator**** equals Yes, proceed to check Modifier.
4. Check Modifier:
a. If Modifier equals Yes, do not include in Eligible Population/Denominator. Stop processing.
b. If Modifier equals No, proceed to check Telehealth Modifier.
5. Check Telehealth Modifier:
a. If Telehealth Modifier equals Yes, do not include in Eligible Population/Denominator. Stop processing.
b. If Telehealth Modifier equals No, proceed to check Diagnosis of significant ocular conditions that impact the visual outcome of surgery as listed in Denominator*.
6. Check Diagnosis of significant ocular conditions that impact the visual outcome of surgery as listed in Denominator*:
a. If Diagnosis of significant ocular conditions that impact the visual outcome of surgery as listed in Denominator* equals Yes, do not include in Eligible Population/Denominator. Stop processing.
b. If Diagnosis of significant ocular conditions that impact the visual outcome of surgery as listed in Denominator* equals No, include in Eligible Population/Denominator.
7. Denominator Population:
a. Denominator Population is all Eligible Procedures in the Denominator. The Denominator is represented as Denominator in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter d equals 80 procedures in the Sample Calculation.
8. Start Numerator
9. Check Best-corrected visual acuity of 20/40 or better (distance or near) achieved within the 90 days following cataract surgery:
a. If Best-corrected visual acuity of 20/40 or better (distance or near) achieved within the 90 days following cataract surgery equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Performance Met.

- Data Completeness Met and Performance Met letter is represented in the Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter a equals 50 procedures in the Sample Calculation.
b. If Best-corrected visual acuity of 20/40 or better (distance or near) achieved within the 90 days following cataract surgery equals No, proceed to check Best-corrected visual acuity of 20/40 or better (distance or near) not achieved within the 90 days following cataract surgery, reason not otherwise specified.

10. Check Best-corrected visual acuity of $20 / 40$ or better (distance or near) not achieved within the 90 days following cataract surgery, reason not otherwise specified:
a. If Best-corrected visual acuity of 20/40 or better (distance or near) not achieved within the 90 days following cataract surgery, reason not otherwise specified equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Performance Not Met.

- Data Completeness Met and Performance Not Met letter is represented in the Data Completeness in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter c equals 20 procedures in the Sample Calculation.
b. If Best-corrected visual acuity of 20/40 or better (distance or near) not achieved within the 90 days following cataract surgery, reason not otherwise specified equals No, proceed to check Data Completeness Not Met.

11. Check Data Completeness Not Met:
a. If Data Completeness Not Met, the Quality Data Code or equivalent was not submitted. 10 procedures have been subtracted from the Data Completeness Numerator in the Sample Calculation.

## Sample Calculations

Data Completeness equals Performance Met (a equals 50 procedures) plus Performance Not Met (c equals 20 procedures) divided by Eligible Population/Denominator (d equals 80 procedures). All equals 70 procedures divided by 80 procedures. All equals 87.5 percent.

Performance Rate equals Performance Met (a equals 50 procedures) divided by Data Completeness Numerator (70 procedures). All equals 50 procedures divided by 70 procedures. All equals 71.43 percent.
*See the posted measure specification for specific coding and instructions to submit this measure.
**Include only procedures performed between 1/1/2021 and 9/30/2021 to account for the 90 day period for the numerator action to be assessed after the procedure was performed.

NOTE: Submission Frequency: Procedure
The measure diagrams were developed by CMS as a supplemental resource to be used in conjunction with the measure specifications. They should not be used alone or as a substitution for the measure specification.

